<u>LATIN I</u>	Student's Name:	
Our Lady of Victory School	Street Address:	
	City/State/Province:	
	Zip/Postal Code:	
	Parent's Name:	

Introduction

The study of Latin could be one of the most important subjects for a student because of its close ties with the English language, and because of its continued use in the traditional Roman Catholic Church.

This study will require a great deal of memorization and verbal practice of assigned material. As teaching aids, it is suggested that the student have available to him or her, a traditional Mass missal which will contain a large amount of Latin. Attendance at a traditional Latin Tridentine Mass will assist the student in the pronunciation of the Latin language in addition to the graces the student will receive from attendance. We encourage students to read the history of the early Roman period. Reading biographies, or lives of the saints may also be helpful. There is a Latin-English Vocabulary and an English-Latin Vocabulary in the back of the <u>First Year Latin</u> textbook.

The textbooks used will be <u>First Year Latin</u> and <u>Latin Grammar</u>. They are coordinated textbooks. <u>First Year Latin</u> textbook will be divided into two courses, Latin I and Latin II. The lessons, in the <u>First Year Latin</u> textbook, will give the student assignments to study Grammar Numbers in the <u>Latin Grammar</u> textbook. All referenced <u>Latin Grammar</u> assignments should be completed. We recommend that all <u>First Year Latin</u> exercises be completed. **Some of the easier exercises can be done orally, but be sure to write down the grade for those done orally.** The student will also take coordinated progress tests in the <u>Latin Progress Tests</u>, <u>First Year</u>.

The student will also study a vocabulary list which is taken from the Church Latin textbook titled, <u>Latin Grammar</u> by Scanlon and Scanlon. The object of that book is for 'preparation for reading the missal and breviary.' A list of the vocabulary will be found in the <u>Church Latin Vocabulary Booklet</u> and the correct pronunciation will be contained on the <u>Pronunciation Tape</u> Cassette.

†J.M.J.ቲ

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ASSIGNM	ENTS:	<u>WEEKS 1 - 2</u>	<u>Grades</u>		
1st week -	κ - Read and study pp. 1-5 of <u>First Year Latin</u> .				
	Study Numbers 1-30, pp. 1-4 of <u>Latin Grammar</u> . Memorize rules given.				
		Week 1 Time:	·		
2nd week -	nd week - Complete Latin Progress Test 1.		**************************************		
Begin memorization of the vocabulary for Lesson 1, p. 1 in Church Latin Vocabulary Booklet (CLVB).					
		Week 2 Time:			
Comments:					
	v				

For use by OLVS tutor only: Latin I - week 1 week 2					

LATIN GRAMMAR VOCABULARY LISTS.

In order to learn the correct Church pronunciation of these vocabulary words, study them in conjunction with the Pronunciation Tape Cassette.

LESSON I

LESSON, III

UNIT ONE

Unit One

Mea culpa, mea culpa, Through my fault, through my fault, mea máxima culpa. through my most grievous fault.

Hosánna in excélsis. Hosanna in the highest.

Vocabulary

Vocabulary

aqua, -ae,1 f., water ánima, -ac, f.,2 soul terra, -ae, f., earth, land tuba, -ae, f., trumpet via, -ac, f., way, road vita, -ac, f., life Maria, -ac f., Mary Lúcia, -ac, f., Lucy culpa, -ae, f., fault, guilt ct, and a (ab) 3 (with abl.), from, by e (ex) 8 (with abl.), out of, from cum (with abl.), with in (with abl.), in, on in (with acc.), against, into, unto ad (with acc.), to, toward, near

homo, hóminis, m., man
virgo, vírginis, f., virgin, maiden
calix, cálicis, m., chalice
corpus, córporis, n., body
cor, cordis, n. (gen. pl., córdium), heart
auxílium, -ii, n., help
magnus, magna, magnum, big, great
acer, acris, acre, sharp, ardent, bitter
omnis (m. and f.), omne (n.), all, every, every one; ómnia, all things
non, not
nunc, now

LESSON IV

Unit One .

Sanctus, sanctus, sanctus, Holv holy, holy, Dóminus Deus Sábaoth. Lord God of hosts.

Vocabulary

monére, to warn, advise, teach habére, to have, hold, consider darc, to give vocáre, to call salváre, to save intráre, to enter laudáre, to praise pónere, to set, put dúcere, to lead míttere, to send dicere, to say, speak, tell audire, to hear service, to serve (takes its personal object in the dative) imploráre, to implore convértere, to convert excusáre, to excuse liberáre, to free pássio, passiónis, f., suffering sancta sanctórum, n. pl., holy of holies nomen, nóminis, n., name pater, patris, m., father gens, gentis (-ium), f., nation tristis (m. and f.), triste (n.), sad, sorrowful omnipotens (m., f., n.); gen. omnipotentis, almighty de (prep. with abl.), from, down from, about, concerning

LESSON II

UNIT ONE

Glória in excélsis Deo. Glory to God in the highest,

Vocabulary

servus, -i, m., servant, slave

Deus, -i, m., God

apóstolus, -i, m., apostle
inimícus, -i, m., enemy
fílius, -ii or -i, m., son
regnum, -i, n., kingdom, reign
caelum, -i, n., heaven, sky
princípium, -i, n., beginning
glória, -ae, f., glory
bonus, bona, bonum, good, kind
beátus, beáta, beátum, blessed
sanctus, sancta, sanctum, holy, saintly (as a noun, saint)
esse, to be
posse, to be able, can
semper (adv.), always, ever